

# Sedalia Evening Democrat

NEW SERIES.

SEDALIA, MISSOURI, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1892.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS.

## The League

Over Eight Hundred Delegates Present.

## HARMONY AS SHE IS.

The Row in the Ninth, or St. Louis Delegation, Over Organization.

## THE "SILKS" WITHDRAW.

They Want No Clubs Admitted Unless Regularly Enrolled.

## FILLEY WANTS 'EM ALL.

Contest Referred to the Committee on Credentials for Its Decision.

## THE RESOLUTIONS SMOTHERED

Nothing Permitted to Come Before the Convention This Morning to Raise a Row.

When Chauncey I. Filley came upon the stage this morning and deposited his shining silk hat and sturdy walking cane he was tendered a regular ovation. Deafening cheers greeted him, and a burly negro upon the stage, with his stove-pipe in his hand, led the cheers. The tremendous applause was succeeded by quiet. This was succeeded by a call for Harkless, who walked upon the stage. This was the signal for another ovation to Filley.

President Matt Reynolds then called the convention to order at 11:45. There were calls for Harkless, but the president, in a tragical attitude, posed until silence was restored. Then, in a few remarks, he told the convention what he thought they were there for.

He called the attention to the fact that this was the anniversary of the birthday of Abraham Lincoln. In the course of his talk he said that it was a good thing to have a little fight inside of the party. He hoped for harmony but prognosticated fight.

The republican league, he said, was a politico-social organization. This meeting, however, was a purely social one. It had no special political significance, but he didn't seem to exactly know what to do. If there was harmony, it was a political movement. If it was not harmony, then it was a social business.

He stuck pretty close to the muskets of the last generation, and in an indirect way he counseled peace. He didn't want the party disrupted. He thought the contest for place ought not to be conducted so as to harm the party.

Mr. Reynolds is a right pretty talker.

The contest in the Ninth very nearly precipitated a row, but by the good management of President Reynolds it was put off, and will come up at this afternoon's session. The "silks" and the Filleys are on the ragged edge, and neither seems inclined to give up anything, each side claiming that the other has nothing to give up.

At one o'clock the convention adjourned to 2:30.

### Appointment of Committees.

The secretary called the districts in order for committees.

### COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS.

First district—J. M. McCall. Second district—Stephen Perry. Third district—F. M. Filson. Fourth district—Jno. L. Bittinger.

Fifth district—R. B. Middlebrook. Sixth district—J. W. Moore. Seventh district—J. P. Parish.

Eighth district—M. D. Strait. Ninth district—John C. Orrick, Chas. Turner. Tenth district—Wm. McKinsey. Eleventh district—W. P. Freeman. Twelfth district—G. A. Neal. Thirteenth district—H. E. Howell. Fourteenth district—J. A. Snider.

COMMITTEE ON ORDER OF BUSINESS. First district—G. W. Eckles. Second district—D. B. Ormister. Third district—L. T. Moullon. Fourth district—W. G. Hine. Fifth district—John William. Sixth district—C. C. Bell. Seventh district—J. C. Kiskaden.

Eighth district—F. Hassmar. Ninth district—G. O. Weber, J. W. Phillips. Tenth district—Peter Brown. Eleventh district—Julius Courboet. Twelfth district—J. F. Dunwoody. Thirteenth district—J. P. Tracy. Fourteenth district—S. A. Bates.

### COMMITTEE ON CREDENTIALS.

First district—J. H. Pelham. Second district—J. L. Minnin. Third district—H. C. Miller. Fourth district—E. J. Kellogg. Fifth district—Jos. McCoy. Sixth district—J. J. Kinney. Seventh district—W. L. Morsey. Eighth district—H. S. Harmon. Ninth district—John McFall, Henry Alt.

Tenth district—Jas. C. McGinniss. Eleventh district—J. T. Moore. Twelfth district—G. A. Purdy. Fourteenth district—J. T. Davidson.

### "Harmony" Begins.

The St. Louis delegation met this morning at the court house and "harmony" prevailed to such an extent that the "silks" walked out and the Filleys organized the delegation. The "silks" left the room, sought other quarters and organized also. This would indicate that Filley was on top in the Ninth district, at any rate.

The "harmony" grew out of Filley's demand that "his clubs" be represented. These clubs were not on the rolls at headquarters, but Filley is modest, and simply because his friends had neglected the small formality of being regularly enrolled was not a reason for their exclusion—so long as "the old man" needed them.

Filley, Foerstel, McFall, Ashcroft, Rohlfing, with a few others were left, with about fifteen negroes, to run things to suit themselves. They evidently did it.

The Filley men organized by electing Charles M. Foerstel chairman, Dr. C. H. F. Rohling secretary, Jno. McFall for credentials, Geo. Weber on order of business, and Chas. Turner for resolutions.

The "Silks" organized by electing Major Pope chairman, Mark Chartrand secretary, C. E. Pierce committeeman on credentials, and J. C. Orrick on resolutions.

Only one negro stood by the "Silks."

### The Fight.

Of course the fight is Filley and anti-Filley. All the fights in the republican party of Missouri are that. Bothwell's candidacy was brought about by a sincere desire on the part of his many friends to see him at the head of the state league. The plan was to have him stand as the friend of both parties, but of course that couldn't be done. The Kansas City delegation opposed him upon the ground that he was for St. Louis for headquarters. This was all right for Bothwell, as it would naturally have given him great strength with St. Louis, but to offset the Kansas City fight, Bothwell's friends sprung Bud Haskins for secretary. This naturally must weaken Bothwell unless the fact that the executive officers should be in one place might counteract the other.

Filley is determined to win, and to that end is carefully organizing his forces. The colored contingent, is, of course, for Filley. "Nobody knows Harkless," said one prominent delegate, "Filley never names a man who is known. The trouble is that his friends are all too well known when known at all."

### The "Silks" Position.

That everybody is here loaded for fight is easily seen. Filley sees that it is a mortal struggle with him. Why has he been promising an endorsement to Harrison has been a question hard to analyze until today. But since last night the reason has unfolded itself. Filley feels that he has all that he can handle without antagonizing the friends of the administration. So far has this sentiment grown with him that, in reply to a telegram from the New York World inquiring if he could

swing the state for Alger, he told the correspondent that he saw no reason why Missouri should not send a solid delegation to Minneapolis for Harrison. This signifies a complete capitulation to Harrison by Filley in order to placate such friends of the administration as he may thereby secure to himself in the present fight. Will Filley keep the implied faith, for certainly he has entered into no direct combination? The Silks propose to strangle "de ole man" if it can be done. Their plan is to completely ruin him politically unless he is able to control the convention. He is in control of the state committee and now wants the convention. The great fight will be in the committee on credentials.

Should Filley fail in seating his contesting delegations then the silks will attempt to overwhelm him with charges of disloyalty to the party, and they are backed with facts and figures which will be hard for him to explain away. They will undertake to hold him responsible for Francis' election as mayor, and will show that while Francis received 20,200 votes for mayor in 1885, Ewing received 19,700 and Filley less than 786, which would have easily elected Ewing had Filley not split the party. They propose to show, too, that in 1864 Missouri cast in the Philadelphia convention twenty-two votes for Grant against Lincoln, and thereby prove that Filley has no claim upon the colored vote, which he has always held.

Filley says little. He is thinking and planning, and if ever "the old man" had his wits about him for all they are worth it is now. The Contest for President. Judge J. H. Bothwell, of Sedalia, and Jas. H. Harkless, of Kansas City, are the candidates for president. Bothwell is well known all over the state. Who is Harkless? He is Filley's candidate. That is all that is known of him. That is all that is known of any of Filley's candidates. Bothwell will have the support of R. C. Kerens and other St. Louis gentlemen who are opposed to unknown men, generally, and who highly esteem the Sedalia republican. Resolutions Smothered. Several resolutions were introduced, but not one was read. By action of the convention they were sent to the committee without reading. Everybody seemed afraid of them, yet every body would like to have heard them. They may come back to the convention and they may not. Afternoon Session. Afternoon session called to order at 3 o'clock. Chairman W. P. Tracey makes report of committee on order of business as follows: Report of committees on credentials; on resolutions; election of executive committees from congressional districts; election of delegates and alternates to the National league convention; selection of place of next league convention; election of officers of state league for the ensuing year; discussion for good of the order. President Reynolds announced that the two delegates from the Ninth district, claiming representation in the committee on the order of business, had withdrawn and a new committeeman would be selected by committee on credentials. At this moment Filley appeared in the hall and as he stepped across the stage to a seat, he received deafening applause. Candidates for president were now called forward to speak. Harkless, of Kansas City, was received with great enthusiasm. He responded eloquently and upon paying tribute to Bothwell, the house rang with applause. During the speech some stalwart in the back of the room hurrahed for Blaine. The cheers were so boisterous that for at least a minute Mr. Harkless had to cease speaking. Bothwell was received with a storm of applause that fairly shook the temple of Thespis. He made an eloquent address, and was received in a manner that was most gratifying to himself and his legion of republican supporters in the contest for the presidency of the league. Bothwell made a great republican hit and became decidedly humorous at times. Filley was called for and the same boisterous scene, characterized his appearance. The old man was loaded, and his speech was sharply punctuated with hot shots. He predicted the downfall of the yellow dog democracy and pleaded

for republicans to keep up their pride, courage and patriotism.

He said that no man is superior to his party. "That is the kind of a boss that I am."

We propose to have an honest dollar, whether it be greenbacks, silver or gold and we also propose to stand by the McKinley bill.

There hasn't been a tinsplate liar in the land for the last sixty days.

Organize, keep on organizing and don't keep anybody else from organizing.

The old guard is passing away, but I propose to live through to see Missouri go republican.

Great God! If the democrats of Missouri could see this convention!

The democrats shall not force us into division. Stand up for the grand old state, the grand old party in the good coming time.

### Leaguelets.

The democrats are not in it today.

President Reynolds is a fine presiding officer.

The colored delegates are few and far between.

Three delegations had to be seated in the balcony.

The colored brethren were all from the city districts.

It looks as though the young men in the convention predominate.

The opera house decorations are the work of F. H. Eastey and Willie Klein.

The question of reading resolutions was quickly disposed of and they will not be read.

James Gillespie Blaine's portrait is a prime favorite among the decorations. This is significant.

Will Barron, A. C. Beeson, Lee Bohanon and William Atkinson are among the delegates from Cooper county.

Many of the visitors in the city are making an inspection of the Pettis county court house—the pride of Sedalia.

Col. Theodore Case, ex-postmaster of Kansas City, and who has done much literary work, arrived on the noon train today.

The Women's Relief Corps, G. A. R., are furnishing meals in a storeroom just south of Third street. They are doing a big business.

"Apache Charlie," his long hair floating in the February breeze, held a crowd of delegates entranced in front of Hotel Kaiser this afternoon.

At the entrance of Charlie Raifensen's saloon are placed the portraits of Harrison and Blaine, with the legend between: "Take your Choice."

The Republican Flambeau club will give a grand parade and pyrotechnic display on Ohio street about 8 o'clock to-night, in honor of the hosts of strangers in the city.

About 500 delegates, headed by the Sedalia Military band, and wearing badges, paraded through several of the principal streets this morning and made a magnificent showing.

George Garrett, one of the brightest and handsomest young newspaper men in St. Louis, is reporting the convention for the *Star-Sayings*. He is an old friend of J. L. Thornton.

L. J. W. Wall, who is a member of *El Club Espanol de St. Louis*, and who made an excursion to Mexico with that organization in 1891, is attending the convention.

Senator McGinniss and Chauncey I. Filley wear hats of the same pattern. They are cone-shaped and suggest the Quaker. There is a good deal in a hat—when worn by such men.

Colonel Mitchell, one of the most prominent republican politicians in Kansas City, who has made several attempts to get to congress, is attending the convention. He is a rousing stump speaker.

Hon. J. R. Burton, the young republican oratorical Hercules, of Abilene, Kansas, who recently paralyzed Senator Peffer in a joint political discussion in the Sunflower state, arrived in the city at noon.

The Sedalia Military band is furnishing excellent music and delighting with their sweet strains the many visitors within the city's gates. There is no finer organization of the kind in the state, in proportion to its size.

General Devol, United States revenue collector for the Sixth district, came down from Kansas City at noon. He is a distinguished looking gentleman, and his appointment by President Harrison was largely due to his meritorious services in the army.

It was never more forcibly illustrated than on the present occasion, that Sedalia needs a hall especially adapted to the accommodation of

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political and other conventions. Spacious and beautiful as Wood's opera house is, it cannot meet the requirements of such gatherings.

James T. Foss, a delegate from Carthage, called upon his democratic friend, Deputy Circuit Clerk E. R. Marvin, this morning. He and Ed. used to run a hotel together in Parsons, when there was nothing but wolves in the wilderness and coyotes on the plains of Kansas.

Wood's opera house is handsomely decorated. Around the balcony circle were placed portraits of McKinley, Fremont, Garfield, General Sherman, Levi P. Morton, John A. Logan and President Harrison. Over the chairman's table are suspended pictures of Washington, Lincoln and Grant.

There came very near being a slugging affair in the Ninth district delegation, which held a meeting at the Commercial club rooms this morning. A quarrel took place between Chris. Schawacker, a "hoodlum," and A. J. Davis, chairman of the St. Louis Central committee, a "silk stocking." It required the prompt interference of friends to prevent gore being spilt over the elegant furniture and costly club carpets.

The unique General Billy Ryder was the observed of all observers in the hotel corridors, and in other public places to-day. His make up is *outré*. He wears a high silk hat which surmounts long curly black hair. His eyes are bright and his nose is purple and prominent. His collar looks like it had been worn last summer and had fallen a prey to a torrid temperature. Upon his patriotic bosom General Billy sports a gold medal, presented to him in 1888 in recognition of his "executive work" by St. Louis republican admirers. He is down on "de ole man."

### Thurston Withdraws.

OMAHA, Neb. Feb. 12.—Hon. John M. Thurston, general attorney of the Union Pacific, yesterday announced as a result of the Blaine letter that he would not be a candidate for the vice presidential nomination before the republican convention.

## Woman's Rights.

It is the inalienable right of EVERY WOMAN To have a neat house. Nothing HELPS SO MUCH to make spring house-cleaning satisfactory as does newly papered walls.

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208 OHIO STREET.



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## "OUR DARLINGS!"



They Read THE DEMOCRAT.

"I would earnestly advise them for their good to order this paper to be punctually served up and to be looked upon as a part of the tea equipage."—ADDISON.

LET'S have more paved streets.

FORWARD is the word for Sedalians.

BUILD up manufactories—then patronize them.

PAY off the bonds, reduce the interest and save money.

No party that proposes to refuse to provide for paying the city's debts can win in Sedalia.

THE interstate commerce law seems to be unfortunate in its experience in the federal courts lately.

THE newspaper which objects to a measure for preserving the city's credit is not a safe counselor in municipal matters.

CONTRIBUTIONS for the relief of Mrs. Condon and children may be sent to this office and will be properly acknowledged in these columns.

It makes no difference whether the "Katy" builds the line from Boonville to St. Louis or not. Just so that road operates it Sedalia will be satisfied.

THE "boom" for Morton for the republican nomination for president is doubtless based on the idea that a small man is as good as a great one to lead a forlorn hope.

CLARKSON has a presidential bee in his hat and it has rattled him to such an extent that he is willing to go into Harrison's cabinet as a step toward the gratification of his ambition.

IN two more months, if the present relative gain and loss between the DEMOCRAT and Gazette continues, the poor old Gazette will be playing second fiddles in the matter of circulation.

IF any working man in Sedalia has had his wages raised as a result of the passage of the McKinley bill he should tell the League clubs about it so they will have material for the campaign.

EXPLANATIONS are one thing, and evidences of malicious libelling is another. The DEMOCRAT published that evidence yesterday against the Gazette, which mistook said evidence for an explanation.

ROSWELL P. FLOWER, the present governor of New York, is about the only democratic leader in that state who can hope to poll the full party vote, so bitter has become the Cleveland-Hill fight. Flower is an able, clean man with a strong personal following.

THE Sedalia Morning Brag has dropped from its claim of "three

times the circulation of any other paper," to a claim of "more circulation than the two evening papers combined." It has also dropped no small number of subscribers at the same time it dropped its claim. It will soon be glad to claim that it has nearly as large a circulation as the DEMOCRAT.

THE charitably disposed people of Sedalia have an excellent opportunity to show, in a substantial way, their sympathy for Mrs. Condon and family. There is a mortgage on their little home and to free that home from debt would require only a small amount from each person who really sympathizes with the grief stricken widow and children. The railroad men will do their part. Let others also contribute freely. Subscriptions may be made to the committee or if sent to the DEMOCRAT office they will be forwarded to Mrs. Condon and properly acknowledged through these columns. Such contributions will be thankfully received, be they large or small.

## THE PROTEST.

The condition of affairs in New York renders the nomination of either Hill or Cleveland exceedingly improbable.

The Hill faction would unquestionably defeat Cleveland in that state if he were placed at the head of the ticket.

The Cleveland faction would as certainly defeat Hill if he were made the standard-bearer.

The action of Hill's friends in attempting to force his nomination at an unusually early state convention has disgusted the great mass of voters who belong to no faction but believe in fair play in politics.

An immense mass meeting was held in New York on Wednesday and a most emphatic protest was made against the action of the machine.

This protest means the loss of New York if the program of the manipulators is carried out, and the only absolutely safe course to pursue is to make the fight independent of the Empire state. Nominate a candidate and make a platform that can win without New York and leave the politicians of that state to settle the quarrel among themselves.

THE Hannibal Journal has this to say of a gentleman who is deservedly popular in Sedalia and Pettis county as well as in every other section of the state: "Rev. W. Pope Yeaman, who has been in the city several days attending the missionary meeting at the Baptist church, just before his departure for his home in Columbia yesterday favored the Journal with a pleasant call. Rev. Yeaman has been prominently mentioned in connection with the governorship, but as yet has not fully determined to enter the contest. Referring to the matter yesterday he stated that he was not versed in 'modern politics,' and as he was averse to entering a scramble for the place, he would have to give the matter very serious consideration before formally announcing his candidacy, but that in justice to his friends he would endeavor to arrive at a definite conclusion within the next ten days. Rev. Yeaman has been prominent in the councils of the democratic party in Missouri for many years and for ability and brilliancy is regarded second to no man in the State."

THE statesmen who urge the democracy to abandon the silver issue for fear of losing New York seem to forget the danger of losing even more votes in the south and west by abandoning the issue than they can lose in the east by forcing it. It is a measure that has been offered to the debt-ridden people of the agricultural states as the democratic idea of reform in our financial policy. To refuse it now at the bidding of a mere handful of eastern money lenders would weaken the party in every really democratic state.

THE DEMOCRAT does not believe there is anything in the claim that Col. Lon V. Stephens is ineligible to the office of state treasurer. The constitution does not bar Col. Stephens from being elected to the office, but Pettis county's favorite son, Dick Gentry, is the lion in the path. If Lon beats our Dick before the democrats of the state he

will not only get the office, but the democrats of Pettis county will feel that they owe him a great big vote and will proceed to pay it.

HON. R. T. GENTRY, the next state treasurer of Missouri, has entirely recovered from his recent attack of la grippe and is in excellent condition to begin the canvass for the nomination. Having downed the foreign monster, he will now proceed to tear down the fences which Col. Stephens and Captain Pitts have been at work building up. Mr. Gentry will go to the state capital in a few days and will be present at the organization of the general assembly.

THE Gazette is evidently opposed to the levy of fifty cents on the hundred dollars to pay off the bonded debt of the city. If our contemporary correctly represents the purposes of its party, thinking republicans who really have at heart the city's welfare will feel out of place in that party. A city, like an individual, can only preserve a good credit by making an effort to pay its debts. It would be a calamity for any party pledged to discontinue the effort to meet the city's obligations to get into power in Sedalia.

HARRISON is disposed to assume the roll of dictator to the southern republicans, and his orders that "office-holders and negroes" must not be sent as delegates to the republican national convention, shows how unsafe it would be to put the execution of a force bill in such hands. A president who attempts to dictate the selection of delegates, would dictate the election of officers as well, if he could, and use any means at his command to enforce his edicts.

TARIFF reform is the most important issue before the people. But it is not the only issue, and the grand old democratic party cannot afford to allow itself to be merged into a mere conglomeration of tariff reform clubs. A protective tariff is robbery. But so too is a change in the unit of measure recognized from the organization of the government down to the hour where the change was smuggled through congress.

IF the free coinage of silver was a wise, just and important measure a year ago, or two years ago, it is equally so now. Nothing has transpired to change the merits of the question. If the west and south must surrender on the question in the face of the vote in the last congress, there is no use to talk about majority rule in party councils.

THE Morning Brag now claims "more circulation than the two evening papers combined." As the two evening papers are not combined the DEMOCRAT don't know how true that claim may be, but if it is true there is but one evening paper with a general circulation, and the DEMOCRAT isn't the candidate for sympathy.

OUT in Norton, Kansas, the people complained of the unpleasant smell and taste of the water-works water until they forced an investigation. When the standpipe was emptied a decomposed corpse was found in the bottom. Prohibition is now unpopular in that town and "hop tea" is the favorite beverage.

OUR republican friends will doubtless endorse the effort to build up a foreign market through reciprocity and commend the attempt to destroy the foreign market through the McKinley bill. This is on the principle of catching the voter either going or coming.

THE Democratic club of Sedalia has decided to co-operate with the other democratic clubs of the state. Why not invite these clubs to hold their state meeting in Sedalia? Such a meeting will be held some where in the near future and there is no better place to hold it than right here in the Queen City.

THE St. Louis alumni society of the university of Missouri wants \$500,000 appropriated to re-build the university at Columbia. The tax-payers of the state, however, will have a word to say about the matter, and their word will have a great deal more weight than alumni resolutions. This is election year.

OUR republican friends display as much earnestness in their state meetings as though they really ex-

pected some day to seriously contest for political supremacy in the state. They are getting a good deal of experience in fighting, too, as they go along.

HON. DICK DALTON will talk pure and unadulterated democracy in Howard county to-morrow. Even if this was the season of the year for grass to grow, it would not flourish much under Farmer Dalton's feet at present.

MARSHALL is in dead earnest in her effort to secure the removal of the university from Columbia. Both the representatives of Saline county pledge their support to the movement.

## MORE GOOD SENSE.

Additional Words of Wisdom Taken From Gov. Boies' Speech.

THE DEMOCRAT made liberal extracts yesterday from the address of Gov. Boies and to-day presents some more nuggets of sense from the same source:

The United States is to-day in its agricultural advantages the Egypt of the whole world.

Nearly as many of our people are engaged in this one industry as in all volume of our foreign exports have come that has developed our trade with the countries of the world, and enriches us as a nation more rapidly than any other that ever existed.

To them, if they are not to be enslaved by laws that foster other industries at the expense of their own, open markets in the great centres of civilization are a necessity—not those of the undeveloped countries of the southern half of the hemisphere and island of the sea, that produce more agricultural products than they consume, and furnish vastly better markets for the products of our mills than our farms, but those of the most populous countries of the old world, whose hungry millions are ready to take all our surplus food productions at fair prices in exchange for those staple necessities of life that they produce and we must use.

It is not stinted concession of right in the lesser markets of the world, such as so-called reciprocity affairs, that ought to satisfy these people.

They have made the bulk of the wealth of this nation, but its laws have turned the golden stream from theirs to other hands.

It is no unfair advantage of others that they ask or deserve.

Circumstances have ordained that the price of the products of their labor shall be fixed in markets open to the competition of the world.

No statute of ours can change this condition.

Simple justice demands that so far as the necessities of life are concerned they should be permitted to buy in markets where prices are fixed by the same competition.

Nor are the farmers of this nation the only class intensely interested in this great problem.

To all who live by toil of any kind, it is the crowning question in the whole list of economic problems that we must soon settle one way or the other as the future policy of this government.

Thirty years ago the wealth of this nation was much more fairly distributed than it is to-day.

Then one could almost count upon his finger ends those who could rightfully be termed millionaires. Now they are numbered by thousands.

If conditions remain unchanged through the life of another generation who can fix the multiple that will foretell their numbers then?

Can a few men absorb the wealth of this nation and leave the masses independent?

Do not let us be deceived. For every immensely rich man there must from necessity alone be many wretchedly poor.

All wealth is the product of labor. Great fortunes simply represent the earnings of great numbers.

No one man can perform the labor requisite to produce them.

They can only be acquired by an individual through the aid of some process that enables him to appropriate that which many produce.

What is it that has changed the current of the nation's wealth and that is directing it away from the many into the hands of a few?

Let us stop and think. Thirty years ago a great necessity compelled the levy among others of an enormous tariff tax.

This alone of all burdens the war imposed proved a financial blessing to a single class.

Everywhere beside, among all our people, that great struggle was a gigantic insatiable destroyer of the wealth of men.

But in the height of the storm, when the nation struggled under the load it was compelled to bear, that class grew rich.

When peace came it was securely entrenched in the councils of the republic.

One by one most of the war taxes

# LANDMANN & HARTSHORN,

Real Estate, Abstract and Insurance.

Office in basement Missouri Trust Building.

Bargains Offered in Sedalia and Pettis county real estate and special attention given to Abstracting, our books being one of the most complete sets in Pettis county. The leading rental agency of the city.

LANDMAN & HARTSHORN.

# MISSOURI TRUST COMPANY,

SEDALIA, - MISSOURI.

Authorized Capital, \$500,000. Capital Paid In, \$200,000.

The only corporation in Central Missouri authorized to act as Administrator, Executor, Guardian, Curator, Assignee, Receiver and Trustee. Accepts and executes Trusts of all kinds, whether created by will or under apportionment securities. Allows interest on deposits. Loans money on real estate. Safe deposit boxes for rent. Custodian of wills and other valuable papers.

For the purpose of encouraging small savings this company has introduced the "Nickel Savings Stamp System."

Stamps can be found at the following places: August T. Fleischmann, Chris. Hye, C. Eckhoff, W. Z. Baum, Charles S. Dexter, Overstreet & Williams, W. S. Young, C. S. Boatright, Otis Smith, W. J. Letts and W. H. Ramsey.

"Save the Nickels; Dollars Take Care of Themselves."

Deposits of \$1.00 and Upwards Solicited.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS: O. A. Crandall, President; F. A. Sampson, Vice-President; G. L. Faulhaber, Treasurer; F. E. Hoffman, Secretary; Henry Lamm, Chris. Hye, R. H. Moses, John W. Murphy, W. T. Hutchinson. Office corner of Ohio and Fourth Streets.

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401 Lamine Street, Sedalia, Mo.

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E E Johnston, president; Jno Montgomery, Jr., vice-president; J C Thompson, treasurer; R C Sneed, secretary; Jackson & Montgomery, general attorneys, Sedalia; W L Atkinson, Springfield, Rodes, Waller & Rodes, Moberly; J H Norton, Butler, assistant attorneys.

This association issues paid up certificates bearing 8 per cent; also a new series each month; Loans made promptly. Call and see us before investing and securing a loan.

R. C. SNEED, Secretary.

W. T. HUTCHINSON, President.  
ADAM ITTEL, Cashier.

JOHN D. CRAWFORD, Vice-President.  
WM. H. POWELL, Jr., Asst Cashier.

—No. 1971.—

## Citizens' National Bank,

SEDALIA, MISSOURI. (Established 1872.)

Cash Capital, paid in, \$100,000.00.  
Surplus fund, 35,000.00.

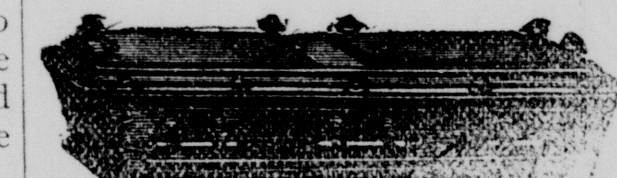
A general banking business transacted. Collections receive prompt attention. Liberal accommodations to depositors.

DIRECTORS: W. H. Powell, John J. Yeater, J. D. Crawford, S. H. Beiler, W. T. Hutchinson, F. B. Meyer, N. N. Farberry, J. W. Perdue, Wm. H. Powell, Jr.

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Night clerk at store.  
Telephone No. 8.

Prompt, careful service. Arterial embalming a specialty.

disappeared. This remained, or if changed at all, it was changed in the interest of those whose business profits it increased.

At first these men could not bring to their aid the united strength of either of the political parties of the country.

In both were willing champions of the people's rights, and in both, I regret to say, were those who, yielding to the influence that wealth is always able to exert, joined hands to perpetuate in times of peace laws that were born of war's necessities alone.

The scene has changed. Upon one side is now arrayed the beneficiaries of these laws, aided by allies more powerful than themselves in the shape of trusts and combines that these laws have made possible, and so strengthened, they are in charge of the republican party.

They dictate its policy—they control its actions.

If they maintain their position it does not follow that this nation as a whole will cease to grow rich.

We shall still go on producing wealth as we have done before, but a few will control it, many will be poor.

Can we change these laws? Can we divide the mighty currents that are emptying the wealth of this nation into the hands of a few men and scatter their golden contents among those who produce it?

This is the supreme question of the hour.

In the present status of political parties there is no power on earth that can accomplish this save and except "the democracy in '92."

We must not falter. This is the issue and this alone will lead us to victory.

The audience rise to their feet with excitement at the appearance of the lightning express in "She Couldn't Marry Three."

"She Couldn't Marry Three" is interpreted by the best company on the road.

## NO NEGROES WANTED.

Harrison is Afraid of the Colored Brethren.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—It is given out that Harrison's orders to the republicans of the southern states are to send only white delegates to the national convention.

He is afraid the rival candidates will buy up the colored delegates, as it is charged Alger did the Sherman men at Chicago four years ago.

Miss Lillian Kennedy had created a furore as "Bess" in "She Couldn't Marry Three."

It is an actual fact that an audience has been heard to laugh half a mile from the theatre during the production of "She Couldn't Marry Three."

Dr. J. H. Cody, oculist and aurist. Practice limited to diseases and surgery of the eye and ear and the removing of superfluous hair and facial blemishes. Spectacles adjusted. Office 313 Ohio street, Sedalia, Mo.

Why Couldn't She Marry Three? Miss Kennedy and her company will explain it at the opera house.

Nothing funnier than "She Couldn't Marry Three" has ever been seen.

The American Security company of New York has established a branch office in Sedalia, and are prepared to receive applications to furnish bonds for bank cashiers, book-keepers and employees in Sedalia and Pettis county. For rates and terms call on R. C. Sneed, agent, Equitable building.

No more exciting and thrilling sensational effects ever used than in the production of "She Couldn't Marry Three."

A genuine train of cars used in the production of "She Couldn't Marry Three."



## AMUSEMENTS.

## WOOD'S OPERA HOUSE.

**SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 13,**  
The Great New York Success,  
"She Couldn't Marry Three!"  
Headed by the Charming Soubrette,  
**Lillian Kennedy,**  
Supported by the eminent Singing Comedian, her brother, and a strong Comedy Co. All of the latest songs, dances and specialties produced with all their own special scenery. A grand scene of the Cornish Coast, with Revolving Light House, Dingley Tunnel, the greatest railroad scene ever built.

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**Fine Livery!**

Carriages with experienced drivers.  
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**Mo. Central Lumber Co.**  
Cheap Building Material of all kinds.  
OFFICE AND YARD, North of Union depot, on Kentucky st., Sedalia, Mo.

## Home Lumber Co.

OFFICE AND YARDS:  
Corner Second and Monticau Street,  
Sedalia, Missouri.

Dealers in all kinds of lumber, sash, doors, blinds, mouldings, lath, shingles, plaster, lime and cement. Prompt attention given to estimates. If you are going to build let us make you prices. Telephone No 11.

E. L. LOONEY, Resident Mgr.

## SEDALIA Building &amp; Loan

Ass'n. of Sedalia, Mo.  
CAPITAL STOCK, - \$1,000,000.  
DIRECTORS:

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This Association pays on monthly savings of 80 cents and upward, 12 per cent. compounded annually, on paid up stock 8 per cent. payable semi-annually. No forfeiture of dividends. Loans money on real estate security at 7 1/2 per cent. interest. Stock issued monthly in consecutive series and matures definitely in seven years. Call on C. RICHARDSON, Sec'y, No. 111 Ohio St., SEDALIA, MO.

## COAL AND WOOD!

Wholesale or retail. A large stock of various grades of COAL, WOOD IN CORD and STOVE LENGTHS. Also Feed, Gasoline, Oil, etc. We also put in sidewalks and curbing. Telephone 43. Yard and Office 819 East Third Street.

## WHIPPLE COAL CO.

## WHEN YOU WANT

## COAL : OR : WOOD!

At Bottom Prices, telephone No. 56.  
**E. Simpson's Coal Yard,**  
N. W. Cor. Ohio and Pacific Sts.

## RAILROAD TIME-CARDS.

Missouri, Kansas and Texas Ry.

SOUTHBOUND. MAIN LINE. Leave. Arrive.  
No. 1, Texas Express, 5:45 p. m. 6:15 p. m.  
No. 3, " 8:55 a. m. 9:15 a. m.

NORTHBOUND. MAIN LINE. Leave. Arrive.  
No. 2, Texas Express, 8:15 a. m. 10:40 a. m.  
No. 4, Chicago Exp's, 5:50 p. m. 6:10 p. m.

Sedalia, Warsaw and Southern.

NORTH BOUND. Arrives.

No. 200, Accommodation, 9:45 a. m.

SOUTH BOUND. Leaves.

No. 199, Accommodation, 4:15 p. m.

Missouri Pacific Ry.

MAIN LINE. WESTBOUND. Leave. Arrive.

No. 1 Day Express, 3:25 p. m. 3:35 p. m.

No. 3 Night Express, 3:15 a. m. 3:25 a. m.

No. 5 Local Pass'g'r, 3:15 p. m. 3:40 p. m.

No. 7 Fast Mail, 7:55 a. m. 8:00 a. m.

No. 9 Texas Express, 4:55 a. m.

No. 7 does not carry passengers.

MAIN LINE. EASTBOUND. Leave. Arrive.

No. 2 Day Express, 12:35 p. m. 12:40 p. m.

No. 4 Night Exp's 11:55 p. m. 12:01 a. m.

No. 6 Local Pass'g'r, 10:40 a. m. 10:45 a. m.

No. 8 Night Express, 12:40 a. m. 12:45 a. m.

Lexington Branch.

WESTBOUND. Leave. Arrive.

No. 193 Colorado Exp's 5:05 a. m.

No. 194 Local Pass'g'r, 3:45 p. m.

No. 197 Local Freight, 10:55 a. m.

EASTBOUND. Arrive. Leave.

No. 192 St. Louis Exp's, 10:30 a. m.

No. 194 Local Passenger, 10:30 p. m.

No. 198 Local Freight, 3:00 p. m.

## MORE WITNESSES.

## THE SENSATIONAL TESTIMONY IN EVANS' TRIAL CONTINUED.

*A Lively Tilt Between the Prosecution and Defense—Case Postponed TUE. 19th Inst.*

The following testimony was taken late yesterday afternoon, after the DEMOCRAT had gone to press:

Mrs. H. A. Stewart, the adopted mother of Mrs. Scherubel, was the next witness called. She testified that Mrs. Scherubel was 18 years old October 16, 1891. Legally adopted her when she was four years old. The first I knew of May's intimacy with John Evans was in March, 1890; I learned of it in this way: May came home from work sick and had a fit; I was afraid to have her go to work the next day and kept her at home; John Evans sent for me and I went to the *Bazoo* office; he told me he had been intimate with May for a long time, and said the reason May was sick and had had a fit was because he had given her medicine to produce an abortion.

I was opposed to May's marrying Joe because he was almost a stranger to us. After May was married and her baby was born I received a note from John Evans saying he wanted to see me. I saw him and he said that he knew that her baby was his and he wanted me to get May to leave her husband; he said if she would, that he would support her and the child.

"At another time when I saw him he said if I would fix some way so he could see May he would give me \$10. He said at this time also that he knew her baby was his child. I saw the statement made by Mrs. Bales, which was published in the *Bazoo*, and know that almost all of it was untrue.

"When May told her husband and he was going to leave her, I went to him and begged him to stay.

"John Evans came to my house after his arrest and said he wanted to talk to me. I told him I would not talk unless it was in the presence of witnesses. He then wanted me to come up in town and meet him at Mr. Steele's office. He said he wanted to compromise his trouble with May. There was not a nicer and more virtuous little girl in Sedalia than my daughter, May, when she first went to the *Bazoo* office to work."

Joseph Scherubel, the husband of the prosecuting witness, was next called. He said: "I was married to May Stewart July 3, 1890, from which time I lived with her until December 5, 1891. "On the Wednesday before that date she confessed to me that she had been intimate with John Evans before I married her, and that he was the father of her child. I told her that I intended to leave her, but that before I left I would see that John Evans furnished money for the support of his child. I went to see Evans and told him I was going to leave my wife and wanted him to support his child. He did not deny that the child was his and promised to come to the gas office (where I work) that day to make some arrangements for the support of the child.

"I have not lived with or cohabited with my wife since I left her on Dec. 5th, and I never expect to live with her again.

"I went into a conspiracy with no one to extort money from John Evans. When I married my wife I thought she was a pure, good girl, and did not know any difference until she told me on Dec. 2nd.

"I have worked at the electric light plant for two years. My wife has asked me several times since I have left her to come back to her. I have boarded at the Midland hotel since December 6th. I have called at her mother's home to see my wife several times since I left her and have given her a little money a few times for her support, as she had nothing to live on."

Henry Surber, who said he formerly worked at the stone crusher, but had worked in a grocery store on Grand avenue for the past three weeks, was the next witness. He said he knew Mrs. Scherubel before her marriage and that her reputation for virtue, as far as he knew, was good. He said John Evans had come to see him several times and wanted him to go to Mr. Steele's office and make a statement; that he consented to go at one time, and he and Evans went to Steele's office, but he was not in; they then went to Steele's residence, but did not find him; met him on Ohio street on their return.

The monotony of the trial of John Evans for the seduction of Mrs. May Scherubel was varied by the testimony of the last witness called yesterday. Mr. Surber had been testifying and in the cross-examination of the witness Mr. Steele, the defendant's attorney, seemed to think he was perjuring himself, so

rising to his feet, he said: "Mr. Surber, you are now under oath and do you mean to tell me that you did not tell John Evans, in the presence of J. West Goodwin and myself, that you had been criminally intimate with Mrs. Scherubel. The answer, "No sir, I never did," came promptly. Mr. Steele exclaimed: "You are a perjured villain!" He was interrupted by Mr. Longan and Mr. Hastain, the former saying that "if Mr. Steele or J. West Goodwin would make an affidavit stating that the statement had been made, he as prosecuting attorney would have witness arrested at once and that he would pass the night in jail." As the affidavit was not forthcoming, Mr. Hastain took the witness.

Mr. Hastain then asked the witness if John Evans had ever offered him any reward for making any statements. His answer was that John Evans told him that he should be well paid for it.

The witness was then excused and court adjourned until Friday February 18.

## UNIVERSITY MEETING.

*Good Attendance at the Court House Last Night—Committee Appointed.*

A citizens' meeting was held in the criminal court room last night for the purpose of taking action toward the removal of the university from Columbia.

Mayor E. W. Stevens called the meeting to order, stated its objects and made a strong plea in favor of Sedalia making an organized effort to secure the removal.

Mr. F. A. Sampson, who has paid especial attention to the subject and who is thoroughly informed as to facts and figures in the case, made an interesting and encouraging statement of the case.

Mr. Charles E. Yeater, an alumnus of the institution, was called upon. He said there is no question but that the university can be legally re-located, provided Governor Francis can be induced to send to the legislature a special message recommending the removal. This can be done, even after the extra session shall have been convened. Unless it is done, however, Mr. Yeater thought that agitation would amount to nothing.

Mr. D. P. Dobbins, editor of the Holt County *Sentinel*, was invited to give his views upon the matter. He was emphatic in his assertion that the people of his particular section favor the removal of the university from its present location. He and they want it in some progressive city, such as Sedalia.

Judge Z. F. Bailey advocated earnest, intelligent and untiring action by Sedalians. He was sure that, when the preponderance of public opinion favoring the removal, is brought to bear upon the governor he could not resist the pressure and the legislature would do the rest. The will of the people is the voice of God, said the judge.

Senator Richardson spoke at considerable length upon the proposition. He urged Sedalians to arouse themselves to the importance of the situation. As a member of the senate, he would use his utmost endeavor and would cast his vote for the removal.

Mayor Stevens, Judge Z. F. Bailey, Mr. William Courtney and Dr. E. C. Evans were appointed to select an executive committee consisting of nine prominent citizens, who will be authorized to act for Sedalia.

See the struggle on the cliff in "She Couldn't Marry Three."

## The Masquerade Ball.

The Harmonie Turn Verein gave a very enjoyable masked ball at the Harmonie hall last night. There were about fifty couples present dancing to the music of Prof. Friemel's "Big Four" band. Prof. Spurway was master of ceremonies, and all know how good a manager he is. There were many humorous numbers such as "Oh, So Pretty," "Out of Sight," "Flipp Flop," "The Dudes" and "Kiss Me Quick," on the programme. The Turn Verein is noted for its good management and it scored another success last night.

See the great railroad scene in "She Couldn't Marry Three."

## Sedalia's New Road.

A special from Lexington to the *Republic* has the following of interest to Sedalians:

"C. J. Kendall, traveling freight agent of the Santa Fe, was in the city to-day and said he had no doubt that his company, which owns the St. Louis, Kansas City and Colorado road from St. Louis to Union, Mo., and the right-of-way to Sedalia, would buy the Missouri Pacific branch or build on their new survey and connect by a high bridge with their road at North Lexington."

A complete set of calcium lights give an added charm to the beautiful scenery in "She Couldn't Marry Three."

## THE MASTERY OF LOVE.

Love was a stranger—  
Without lock or key  
He unlocked my bosom  
And took my heart from me.  
Now my heart is subject  
Everywhere I go.  
Be a gentle master, Love,  
To one who loves you so.  
In a few days and weeks,  
In a few months or years,  
Love brought me sorrow,  
And the salt, salt tears.  
Oh, Love, come with laughter,  
Or, Love, come with woe,  
Deal but gently with the heart  
That leans upon you so.  
The bee's wing is fragile,  
The hawk's egg is small,  
That you took was little,  
But it was my all.  
Bear the captive where you will,  
To high estate or low,  
But be a gentle master, Love,  
To one who loves you so.  
—Dora Read Goodale in Harper's Weekly.

## Killed a Deer with a Pocketknife.

In the winter of 1833 the forests of Pennsylvania in adjoining counties were overrun with wild beasts. I was then teaching school in a log school house, having low windows, situated on a branch of Oil creek, three miles above Titusville, in what was then known as the Ridgeway district, when one day I heard the deep toned baying of hounds up the mountain side all the forenoon, and as I was about to dismiss school for noon recess I noticed a large deer looking in at one of the windows, with tongue protruding, smoking sides heaving and evidently very tired. School was out for noon at once, and on a doublequick I started after the deer, keeping about two rods behind him until we had run some twenty-five rods to the creek, which was frozen over and had a light fall of snow on the ice.

As the deer struck the ice with a bound he broke in and fell, and before he could get up or extricate himself from his muddy and icy environment I was on top of him having a hard tussle to hold him until the schoolboys came up, when one of them, as directed, took my penknife from my pocket, opened it and gave it to me, and with it I very soon opened the veins in the deer's neck and had no further trouble in holding him down, having bled him to death with a small penknife. The hounds came up at the finish, tendering assistance, but were kept at bay by the boys while I dressed the deer, kept the hide, distributed the venison among the pupils, and on the next morning had delicious venison steak for my breakfast.—Cor. Buffalo Courier.

## Conjuring a Tooth.

Among the negroes the most striking remedies are to be found. Witness the combination of cure and spell, described under the name of "conjuring a tooth," in Alabama. Go into a lonely part of the woods with one of the opposite sex, who is to carry an ax. The bearer of the ax chops around the roots of a white oak, cuts off with a large jackknife nine splinters from the roots of the tree, then cuts around the roots of the aching tooth with the knife, dips each of the nine splinters in the blood flowing from the cuts, and finally buries the splinters at the foot of the tree from which they came. While doing this the operator repeats something you don't understand, which is a charm.

From the same locality comes a curious remedy for chills and fever. Take the skin from the inside of an eggshell, go to a young persimmon tree three days in succession, and tie a knot in the skin each day.—Washington Star.

## England's Yearly Quota of Candles.

Upward of 730,000,000 candles are burned in this country every year. The production in the United Kingdom of the various kinds of candles, including paraffin, stearine and composite, is estimated to average 36,000 tons per annum. This country exports 5,600 tons and imports 2,800 tons of candles, leaving an excess of exports over imports of 3,800 tons, which deducted from the country's production leaves the quantity of candles consumed every year in this country at 32,700 tons, or 73,248,000 pounds. If these are averaged at ten to the pound, it gives 732,480,000 as the number of candles burned in this country every year.—London Tit-Bits.

## Youthful Pickpockets.

Speaking of pickpockets, the thieves of that class who give the police the most trouble and get away with more money and purses are, as a rule, urchins, none of whom are more than thirteen years old. They get into a crowd and pretend they are looking at the displays in the shop windows. They are just tall enough to reach a woman's pocket or handbag and to get into a man's overcoat pockets. They pass the property stolen to confederates and get it out of the way as soon as possible.—Interview in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

## Creatures With No Eyelids.

Rabbits, snakes, birds and fishes never close their eyes, because unprovided with eyelids. The rabbit and the common barnyard fowl are each provided with a thin membrane which is let down over the eye when asleep or at rest.—St. Louis Republic.

It is estimated that in England there are 1,300,000 persons of all classes over the age of sixty-five, and that 245,687 of these are receiving parish relief. Thus at least one person out of seven, counting every class, becomes a pauper at or after that age.

The oldest Athenian coins bear the type of Athena and this was followed by a design of the head of the goddess. Greek coins bore the initial of the town where they were struck and then followed monograms.

It has been found that milk can be thoroughly sterilized by heating it to a temperature of 140 degs. Fahrenheit without causing it to lose its odor, taste or appearance.

The speaker of the British house of commons receives a salary of \$25,000 a year, and when he retires he is raised to the peerage with an annual pension of \$20,000.

## Juvenile Purchasers.

One of the most striking features in the poorer regions of the city is the early age at which children are made useful in the household. In my rambles about town I have seen children—puny, undersized children too—of four and five years of age carrying milk, meat, groceries, etc., having just performed that part of the family marketing. Step into any of the Seventh avenue butcher shops, bakeries or groceries and you will almost invariably see children of from four to eight years old purchasing family supplies.

I have seen children whose eyes were still on a level with the butcher's chopping block buying five cents' worth of odds and ends of meat for the family stew, and paying for it in pennies carefully counted out into the butcher's big brown hands—pennies hard earned, no doubt. One time the child couldn't talk distinctly enough for the man to understand.

"How much money have you got?" he asked. The little thinly clad tot opened a chubby and very dirty fist and displayed four cents. Whereupon the butcher, his diamond pin sparkling in the rays of his bright cleaver, scooped in the pennies and chopped him (or her) off a fragment of bones and gristle and threw in a chunk of fat.

"Small?" said he, in response to my comment. "These children commence running errands as soon as they can walk. At six and seven the girls do the marketing and keep house, while the boys sell papers and play craps. Porterhouse, sir?"—New York Herald.

## A Doubtful Compliment.

A man who was selling rugs stopped at a house on Howard street, at the door of which a woman was sweeping. A great pile of dirt had accumulated under her vigorous wielding of the broom.

"G'mornin'," said the man. "Can I sell you a rug today?"

"No, you can't sell me anything," snapped the woman.

"Sorry," murmured the man as he folded the rugs; "that's a powerful sight of dust you've got there."

"I guess I've swept the whole house," retorted the woman; "taint every day I kin do the sweepin'."

"You must be the cleanest woman in the world," continued the silver tongued rug seller.

"Dew tell," said the woman, leaning on her broom. "What makes you think so?"

"That pile of dust. My wife could sweep for a month and not get such a pile of dust as that."

She was flattered, and looked at his rugs, with the result that she bought two; and as he went away he chuckled to himself:

"'Can't sell me anythin.' No? May be I didn't sell her and the rugs both. And she never tumbled!"—Detroit Free Press.

## Famous Abductions.

Marriage by abduction was by no means uncommon in the early ages. The daughter of the king of Argus was abducted by a Phœnician; the Greeks carried off Europa from Tyre and Medea from Colchis.

Next to the abduction of the fair Helen, perhaps the most remarkable in its political consequences was the King of Leinster's taking away of the wife of a neighboring petty sovereign, O'Rourke of Breffni.

The king of Connaught avenged the insult and drove from the throne his brother of Leinster, who appealed to Henry II of England for aid to recover his lost sovereignty. The Norman conquest of Ireland followed, with long centuries of war and devastation.—London Standard.

## Roman Coins in India.

In the Madras museum is to be seen a coin the finding of which was, I think, one of the most interesting epigrams of events with which I am acquainted. It is none other than the Aureus of Claudius which was struck to commemorate the conquest of Britain, and it was found in the Madura district of the British Indian empire.

I myself possess a coin of the Arian Emperor Valens which was found in the Vaigal river in the same district. Such unlooked for links between ideas and associations separated by half the world are very curious, but in the town of Madura itself there is a building which is connected with one of the most romantic periods of British history.—Sir Grant Duff in Contemporary Review.

## Lion Taming Made Easy.

With the object of preventing the terrible scenes of such frequent occurrence in menageries between the tamers of wild beasts and their more or less docile "pupils," a chemist proposes that a man should be stationed near the cage armed with a syringe of large dimensions filled with caustic ammonia, a stream of which is to be projected toward the nostrils of the beast in case of imminent danger. The effect would be instantaneous, as the creature, being unable to breathe, would let go its prey immediately. Better late than never!—Sud-Ouest.

## Great Minds Run in the Same Channel.

The approach of fly time suggested an idea to a man in Nebraska for a cow tail holder. A clamp like a clothespin catches the bushy end of the tail, and two cords with a snap attachment fasten the tail to a cow's leg, to a post or to the milking stool. The same day that the Nebraska man got his patent for a cow tail holder a man in Maine got one for the same purpose. The Maine man's tail holder is of a single piece of wire coiled so as to connect the tail with the cow's leg.—Harper's Young People.

## Odd Safeguards.

In Michigan a double cedar knot is carried in the pocket to cure rheumatism, and in New Hampshire a man carried a gall from the stems of goldenrod for the same disease. A small white grub is in the gall, and he thought as long as the grub remained alive no rheumatism could get hold of him.—Washington Star.

## The Musical Well of Tacoma.

One of the most curious wells in the west is on the place of Henry M. Henderson on Oakes avenue. This well can play on a dozen different musical instruments at the same time, and has done it, which is an accomplishment that no human being is known to possess. The well is about 400 feet deep. At nearly all hours of the day or night a wind blows up from the bottom of it and whistles through the cracks in the tight board covering. When the wind does not blow out it seems to be sucked in by the well.

An abundant supply of good water is in the well at all times, and where the wind comes from or where it goes is a mystery which Mr. Henderson has not solved. One day not long ago Mr. Henderson collected all the musical instruments he could—amounting to eight—from his neighbors and friends. He bored holes in the boards covering the well and at one aperture placed a cornet, at another a bass horn, at another a clarinet, then a fife, an immense tin horn about three yards long which he had made, a mouth organ and other instruments up to the number mentioned.

One after another they began to blow as he put them in. The hoarse growl of the bass horn mingled with the clarion tones of the cornet and clarinet, etc. When all were going the din was terrible, and there did not seem to be a good note sounded. The wind does not come up from the well in a steady blow, but in gusts of more or less force, and it was amusing as well as astonishing to hear the old bass and the nine foot tin tube snort together.—Tacoma Herald.

## Cocoanut Butter.

According to a report made by the British vice consul at Berlin the production of an edible fat from the marrow of the cocoanut has been carried on for the last two years by a firm at Mannheim, the process having been discovered three years before by Dr. Schlinck. Factories having the same object in view are about to be established at Paris and at Amsterdam. The nuts come from the South Sea islands and also from certain places on the African and South American coasts.

The butter, which is sold at less than half the price of ordinary butter in London, or from thirteen to fifteen cents per pound, contains from 60 to 70 per cent. of fat and from 23 to 25 per cent. of organic matter. Its color is white and it is of an agreeable taste, is suitable for cooking purposes and is being purchased by the poor, who prefer it to margarine.

Being free from acid it digests with greater ease than dairy butter, and is preferable in other ways to the bad butter which too often finds its way to market. It is also a more attractive compound than the various preparations called margarine, some of which have very questionable origin.—Goldthwaite's Geographical Magazine.

## The Cause of Texas Fever.

The department of agriculture is at present giving earnest attention to the study of animal parasites, with a view to finding out methods for fighting against some of them which cause a loss of many millions of dollars yearly to farmers. It has made a big discovery recently in relation to the fatal disease of cattle called Texas fever, which is caused by a minute animal called a protozoan that feeds on the red corpuscles in the blood and destroys them.

Recent developments of knowledge reveal the protozoa as producers of morbid complaints. It has been ascertained that the cause of malaria is a protozoan which feeds on the blood corpuscles, and another microscopic foe of like description is responsible for certain forms of dysentery. Undoubtedly many disorders not now understood will eventually be referred to a similar origin.—Washington Star.

## A Pathetic Story.

A few Sundays ago the congregation in Old Market hall, Richmond, waited for the pastor to open the service. A woman, clad in deep mourning, rose in a far end of the large hall and steadily pressed her way toward the stand in front of the congregation. The pastor saw her approaching and stepped to meet her. As he grasped her hand she said with faltering voice, "I want to give you five cents which my little boy handed me as he was dying, and said, 'Please give this to help build the Old Market church,' and," continued his sorrowing mother, "I want you to have it, and I want to put it in your hand myself." And placing the precious coin in the pastor's hand she retraced her steps and took her place among the congregation.—Richmond Times.

## Crops and Prices.

Housekeeper—Why are apples so high in price?  
Market Man—Cause they're scarce, num.



W. L. PORTER, Pres. R. L. HALE, V-Pres.  
J. C. VAN RIPER, Cashier.

## People's Bank

OF SEDALIA.

404 Ohio St., Sedalia, Mo.

Cash Capital, \$50,000.  
Surplus, 1,900.

Interest Paid on Deposits.

4 per cent. Savings Deposits.  
5 per cent. Certificates of Deposit.  
6 per cent. Certificates of Deposit.

A General Banking Business Transacted.

Money loaned on personal, collateral and real estate security.

We have for the special accommodation of customers a massive fire-proof vault, in which boxes containing valuable papers can be placed. No charge will be made.

OFFICE HOURS from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.

Bank also open Saturday evenings from 5 to 8 o'clock, to receive deposits only.

### HIS PRAYER ANSWERED.

#### Death Keeps an Aged Penniless Man From the Poor House.

From the Kansas City Journal.

William Walker, a man 70 years of age, had declared he would die before he would go to the poor farm, and before he went there he died. About one year ago the old man and his wife, Amanda Walker, lived at Sixth and Walnut with their two daughters. One cold, bitter day the humane officers were called to render some assistance to an old woman in destitute circumstances. On investigation, the officers found Mrs. Walker and her two daughters crouched before the dying embers of a scanty fire. She told her daughters that it was better to die than live on cold charity or dishonor. She had gathered them around her and told them that with the dying of the fire their lives should go out, too.

The woman was taken care of, but died soon afterwards. What has become of the daughters is unknown, but nothing had been heard of the father until a few days ago. He had left his family, and after spending many months away from them he returned and instituted a search for them, but all in vain. Day before yesterday he learned that his wife was dead. He was told that the poor farm was the only place for him and arrangements were made to have him taken there yesterday.

He had secured a temporary home with Mrs. Jane Harris at Twenty-ninth and Washington streets. He declared he would go to the poor farm and when Officer Marran went to Mrs. Harris' house yesterday morning the aged man was dead.

Mrs. Harris stated that on the previous night Walker had spent over an hour in prayer and then lay down to sleep. In the morning to was dead.

Coroner Longedale investigated the case and ascertained that the cause of death was the ill incident to extreme age. There was no evidence whatever of suicide and the old man will go over the hills, not to the poor house, but to the silent city of the dead.

### THE CONDON FUND.

#### Subscriptions Will be Reported as They Come In.

The DEMOCRAT to-day received three dollars from Dr. Emile Muehl for the fund for the relief of Mrs. Condon and children.

The DEMOCRAT contributes five dollars to the fund. Other contributions will be reported as they come in.

The DEMOCRAT hopes enough will be contributed either to the committee or sent to this office to at least pay the mortgage on the little home.

A small amount only is asked from each charitably disposed person who is able to give.

#### Rev. C. H. Spurgeon.

His conversion, his early life as a boy preacher, his persecutions, his work at the Metropolitan Tabernacle and his triumphant death, will be the subject of Rev. Geo. Marsh's discourse next Sunday night at the Second Congregational church, corner 14th and Hancock streets. This promises to be very interesting on account of Mr. Marsh being in Mr. Spurgeon's class at the Tabernacle. All are cordially invited to attend. Service to commence at 7:30.

Miss Lillian Kennedy, together with her brother, John J. Kennedy, introduces a new medley of comic songs in the second act of "She Couldn't Marry Three."

#### Removal.

Have removed my office from the Minter building to the Y. M. C. A. block at 514 Ohio St., where I will be found in partnership with Dr. E. W. Bear. Dr. O. B. CALDWELL.

#### Ed. Quilty, Tailor.

Cleaning, repairing, etc., promptly and cheaply done. 207 Ohio st., over Johnson's clothing house.

Buy wine of Frank Kruger, 115 W. Main.

#### Mr. Davidson Dead.

Jos. Davidson died at his home, three miles west of Sedalia, at 12:15 this morning of dropsy. Funeral services Sunday afternoon.

### INDIAN SQUAWS USE KNIVES.

#### A Mixture of Alcohol and Redskin Brings About a Gory Dispute.

PINE CITY, Minn., Feb. 12.—

There occurred yesterday on the banks of Pokegama creek, about seven miles from this place, one of the bloodiest battles ever waged between redskins.

A group of wigwams on the creek forms a small colony. From some unknown source the squaws procured a large quantity of alcohol and indulged in a spree. Two of the squaws became quarrelsome.

The dispute terminated by the young woman drawing from her waist a butcher knife and attacking her companion, who tried to defend herself with a similar weapon. The battle was a short and decisive one, resulting in the disappearance of the older participant, whose strength failed.

Oct-Wan-A-Tou, a young Indian, and a companion were witnesses of the fight. No trace of either of the combatants can be found, but it is supposed that they are now being cared for in a wigwam in the dense pine forests north of Pokegama creek. Oct-Wan-A-Tou says the old squaw could not live over an hour.

### ONLY ONE LEFT.

#### A Gang of Desperate Men Depleted in Number.

From the Kansas City Journal.

"The capture of Marion Hedspeh," said Chief Speers yesterday, "leaves the Sly gang in the numerical position of the ten little Indian boys who met with various mishaps which left the gang consisting of one member. The only one left is 'Dink' Wilson, the safe blower and all round robber and burglar."

"Hedspeh never, so far as I know, worked around Kansas City, and was never 'pinched' for anything here, but the people of Kansas City and vicinity have a long list of street car, barn, saloon and dwelling house burglaries laid at the door of 'Dink' Wilson, who is suspected of having a hand in most of the big robberies occurring here within the past few years."

#### Thought He Was Crazy.

One day last month a negro named Fred Shock, who was working out a \$25 fine, made his escape from Street Commissioner John Hyatt. Since then he has been hiding at the corner of Fifth street and Quincy avenue.

This morning citizens in the western part of the city noticed a negro prowling around suspiciously in that neighborhood and occasionally darting behind the fair ground ticket office. They took him to be a crazy man and Mr. Hyatt, who was near at hand, was notified and arrested him. He was not crazy, but simply trying to escape being seen.

#### Gone After Trotters.

Marshall Democrat-News.

John R. Gentry, of Hughesville, and his trainer, Jas. Ramsey and Walter Waddell, a breeder of fine horses, from Lafayette county, are now in Kentucky, for the purpose of buying trotting-bred stock. Mr. G. writes us that he is after the best, and we have no doubt but that he will return with several of the choicest in the state. With a kite-shaped track at Sedalia, Mr. Gentry will have better facilities for record-making, and new laurels will be added to the already popular Locust Grove stud. Such enterprise as is shown by this gentleman is worthy of the greatest success.

#### The Search Ended.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The search for the missing in the ruins of the Hotel Royal is ended. Every part of the ruins has been searched and Chief Guicquet says there are no more bodies in the ruins. Seventeen bodies in all have been taken from the ruins. Seven have been identified and ten yet remain unknown and unclaimed at the morgue. Four of those identified have been removed by friends and thirteen bodies still await final disposition. Proprietor Mears has expressed an opinion that there must be three more bodies in the ruins.

#### The Situation Unchanged.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Feb. 12.—The officers of the St. Joseph & Grand Island system and the trainmen in the employ of that company had no further conference since Tuesday afternoon and the situation remains unchanged. The members of the grievance committee went out on their respective runs yesterday and will wait until the Union Pacific committee, now in session at Omaha, is heard from before any action is taken regarding the new schedule and agreement.

#### A DASTROUS FIRE.

A Pettis County Farmer Loses House and Contents.

The house of Wm. Hull, two and one-half miles northeast of La Monte, caught fire last night be-

tween 8 and 9 o'clock and burned to the ground. Nothing was saved and the insurance only covers about half the loss. Mr. Hull is a young man and the loss of his house is a severe blow to him and his family.

### THE WORKMEN ADJOURN.

The Thirteenth Annual Session of the Grand Lodge, A. O. U. W. Concluded.

The thirteenth session of the grand lodge, A. O. U. W., of Missouri was brought to a close in St. Louis, yesterday afternoon. The officers for the ensuing year were elected during the day and installed before the grand lodge adjourned. The officers elected were: W. H. Miller, of Kansas City, grand master workman; Mont Carnes, of Sedalia, grand foreman; J. Henry Bus, grand overseer; William C. Richardson, of St. Louis, grand recorder; Rev. John D. Vincil, grand receiver; J. F. McWilliams, of Mexico, grand guide; J. F. Passert, of Springfield, grand inside watchman; L. C. Hehl, of St. Louis, grand outside watchman; A. H. Burkholder, of Trenton, grand trustee for a term of six years; Dr. D. H. Shields, of Hannibal, Mo., grand medical examiner.

There were 579 delegates present at yesterday's session. The pay of the delegates during the three days' session of the grand lodge was fixed at \$2 a day, and the delegates from outside the city were allowed three cents a mile for railroad fare.

### RETURNING HOME.

The Aged Father of the Late W. J. Condon Left This Morning.

Samuel M. Condon, father of W. J. Condon, who was shot and slain in this city last Tuesday, left on the 10:40 A. M. K. & T. north-bound train this morning for his home in Springfield, Ill.

He stated to a DEMOCRAT representative that the telegram he received on the day of the tragedy announced that his son had been killed in a railroad accident and he did not learn the facts differently until he reached Moberly, when he was told the true tale by a conductor.

Mr. Condon was deeply impressed with the kindness shown and manifestation of sympathy toward the bereaved family and relatives in this time of their overwhelming grief. The aged father wishes to express to the people of this city his sincere thanks. He will never forget Sedalia nor Sedalians, for his heart is overflowing with gratitude.

### PERSONALS.

Major A. Jack Elliott expects to go to Boonville this evening, on business.

Hon. C. C. Bell, ex-mayor of Boonville, is mixing among the republican hosts.

J. G. Fleming, of Lamont, was in the city to-day and gave the DEMOCRAT a pleasant call.

Miss Annie Smiley, a charming young lady from Boonville is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. McNulty.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Morrison, of Holden, arrived in Sedalia this morning, and are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Max Jacobs.

W. J. Powell, editor of the Rolla New Era and one of the republican wheel-horses in that part of the state, was a visitor at the DEMOCRAT office.

Editor Redman, of the Boonville Republican, a mighty clever fellow and one of the brightest journalists in the state, gave the DEMOCRAT a pleasant call.

Capt. W. W. Taliaferro, city marshal of Boonville, arrived in Sedalia this morning and is taking in the league convention. Captain Taliaferro is one of the best officers in the state.

#### Will be a Success.

Mention was made exclusively in the DEMOCRAT yesterday of the proposed introduction of a new telephone system in Sedalia. Thus far the names of 300 subscribers have been obtained.

#### Justice's Court.

Theodore Bright was brought before Justice Fisher this morning on the charge of vagrancy and was fined \$20 and sent to jail to work it out.

#### Mills Closed.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Feb. 12.—Burnes & Co.'s oat meal mills, the largest on the Missouri river was closed yesterday.

There is so much to be seen in the play of "She Couldn't Marry Three" that it is impossible to describe it all—go see it.

#### Thought to be Dying.

Mrs. David Ramsey, whose serious illness was reported in last evening's DEMOCRAT, is much worse this afternoon and is thought to be beyond recovery.

Genuine mineral waters, 115 W. Main, Frank Kruger.

# LIKE A THUNDERBOLT!

--The Low Prices of--

## THE BANKRUPT STORE

Surprise the Public.

Men's Good Stiff Hats, Worth \$1.50, for 60c.

" " " " " 50c " 20c.

" " Lined Janes Pants, worth \$1.00, for 65c.

" " Socks, 3 Pair for 10c.

" " Flannel Shirts, 20c.

And everything else in proportion. Our specialty is MEN'S SUITS. A complete line, from \$2.50 to \$22.50.

Remember We Handle Only BANKRUPT STOCK. Call and be convinced.

**BANKRUPT CLOTHING CO.,**

204 OHIO STREET.

### LAKE TO GULF.

THE SPRINGFIELD, SEDALIA, MARSHALL AND NORTHERN

To be a Link in a Line From Duluth to the Sabine Pass--The Project Being Pushed.

From the Little Rock Gazette.

Gov. Eagle yesterday received a letter from H. N. Armstrong, chief engineer of the Inter-Continental railway, calling his attention to it as a means of developing Arkansas. He adds:

"I understand that a vast amount of land has reverted to the state." "If so," he continues, "will the state grant us right of way, and the use of material adjoining the road to build it? If I can get any financial aid in your state to help make my surveys, will place an engineer party in the field. Expect some help from the north."

Mr. Armstrong, with Mr. Geo. A. C. Wooley, of Springfield, Mo., has gone to work, organizing three local roads, which have secured charters and which agree to unite in the general system, secured the right of way from Centerville, Ia. to Springfield, and completed the preliminary survey for what must be the connecting link in the continental system. Des Moines and Chicago parties secured a charter some time ago for an inter-continental road, but that's all. Hustling and pushing have put the Missouri men first in the field and with extremely flattering prospects. The tangibilities of the system at this date comprise the St. Paul and Duluth, between the cities named thence by the Minnesota Central and Iowa Central to Centerville in Southern Iowa, 746 miles in operation. The Iowa extension of the Brookfield and Northern has been organized with M. Bevington, chairman, and C. W. Bowen, of Centerville, secretary. The Brookfield and Northern has organized with L. S. Cowden, president; John Ford, treasurer and C. D. Bennett, secretary; all of Brookfield. The organization of the Springfield, Sedalia, Marshall and Northern includes President Bush, of "Split Log" railway fame, Vice President Wm. M. Walker, of Marshall, and Secretary Geo. A. C. Woolley, of Springfield.

The survey of these three lines has just been completed by Engineer Armstrong, who is chief engineer of the one and consulting engineer of the other two. The agreement between them is such that as one builds they all build, and the people all along the line are thoroughly awakened to the importance of this link in the system. The

principal towns touched are Centerville, Ia.; Brookfield, DeWitt, at the crossing of the Missouri river, then Marshall, Sedalia and Springfield. These and others are charter towns and 100 feet right-of-way has been freely given by the citizens along almost the entire 300 miles, besides raising the money for the preliminary survey and charters. The maximum grade is forty feet to the mile and maximum curvature four degrees. All railroad crossings are to be over or under grade.

The surveying parties of thirteen each went to work last August and having given unusual care to the survey, have practically located the line. Charter for the bridge across the Missouri river has passed second reading and one for the crossing of the Osage river has been presented at Washington.

So soon as estimates and profiles are completed, either guaranteeing of the bonds by the Iowa Central or a proposition to take the road and build it will probably be accepted, although an independent survey has been made from Duluth to Red Wing, east of St. Croix river. Engineer Armstrong thinks that \$7,000 to \$8,000 a mile will locate and construct it.

The system north of Duluth is now principally in operation and construction to Winnipeg. From Winnipeg northward, the Canadians are surveying to Lake Athabasca and Slave Lake.

South of Springfield projected lines are to tap the mineral and timber riches of Arkansas now untouched by any railway lines and the leaf pine lands of Louisiana, terminating at Sabine Pass, the best harbor, with one exception, on the Gulf. Eastern, Western and local capital has been interested, and the completion of the system is only a matter of time.

To eastern thought Missouri is still the land of the Bald Knobbers and the Jesse James gang, but typical American western towns and cities are rapidly springing up and the natural wealth of the state only needs such railroads to be available.

Limestone, white and gray sandstone, granite, black marble, vast quantities of Mexican onyx, lead, zinc and iron are there. Thousands of acres of coal beds north of the Missouri river, out-cropping in three and one-half foot veins of the channel variety will furnish fuel for smelting ore in the state instead of its being transferred, as now, in sacks, to other states and the old country. Mineral paints, fire clays, and ochres and vast tracts of hard timber—these are some of the resources whose development furnish the incentive to such railroad en-

terprises as this in which Mr. Armstrong is engaged.

The road would, on an air line, pass through Marion, Searcy, Van Buren, Conway, Perry, the west edge of Pulaski and Saline, the eastern part of Hot Springs, Dallas, the eastern portion of Ouachita, the western portion of Calhoun and Union counties, this state, or through the richest mineral and pine regions of Arkansas.

Would not Little Rock do well to look after getting this road? As the air line must pass so near the capital of the state, why should it not have this, the most important line ever contemplated in the state?

### TO WORK BOTH WAYS.

If High Tariff Lowers Manufacturing Prices, Wouldn't it Also Lower Farm Products?

Senator Daniel, of Virginia, in the United States senate.

One other suggestion. The great argument which is made here in behalf of the tin plate monopoly that is to be created, of the cotton-tie monopoly that is to be created, and of all the tribes of monopolies which are being created in this bill, the pleasing seductive idea with which it is attempted to humbug the present generation of Americans is that if you will put on these high taxes you will lower the price of the manufactured products, and that as the result of this protection manufactured products will get cheaper and cheaper. Now, gentlemen, just stand to that theory until you get to the next schedule of this bill.

With a flourish of banners and a blow of trumpets, it is announced to the American farmer that you propose to protect him in the same way you have been protecting the manufacturer, and you are going to have a high tariff on his products, so that even the few grains of foreign wheat that come here can come no longer, and so that the trivialty of corn and oats and barley and other farm products that come here can come no longer. If your theory that these high taxes cheapen the manufactured products is true, are you not trying to cheapen the agricultural products by applying a schedule to them of which you prophesy the same result? It is because you can not hold the same face on any two schedules of this bill; it is because you are all things to all men and not much to any man, except a monopolist, who is getting rich and richer every day and being better prepared to return your compliments to him by getting up a handsome campaign fund for you.

#### The Rifles' Drill.

The Sedalia Rifles' monthly competitive drill was to have taken place last night at the armory, but owing to the poor lights, the drill did not take place, the evening being passed in dancing. Quite a party of Republican League delegates were up to the dancing.

Buy your coal, wood and feed of the best equipped house in the city. Anthracite and smithing coal a specialty. Telephone 115.  
R. H. HARRIS, Proprietor.

#### Death of Mrs. Blum.

Mrs. Adeline Blum died at her home in Smithton yesterday, aged 82 years. She will be buried today.

**D. E. KENNEDY,**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

With Hon. John H. Bothwell, Attorney and Counselor.

OFFICE:—Dempsey Building, Rooms 26 and 28. Practice where Business calls.

**MONEY—TO LOAN ON** watches, guns, pistols and other personal property, 116 Ohio street, back of Globe Shoe Store. H. V. LEIST.

## Sedalia Carpet Co.

The largest stock, newest patterns, choicest colors, fresh goods right from the mills at less money than you can buy old goods. --:--

## DO NOT BE DECEIVED

by competitors telling you what you know is not so--come and see for yourselves. Lace Curtains, Portieres, Window Shades, China Mattings, Rugs, &c., Very Cheap.

**D. A. CLARK, Manager.**

Third and Lamine.